Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes



# GCSE PHYSICS

**Foundation Tier** 

Paper 1F

# F

## Specimen 2018

Materials

For this paper you must have:

🛮 a ruler

☐ a calculator

🛘 the Physics Equation Sheet (enclosed).

#### Instructions

- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- 🛘 Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- ☐ There are 100 marks available on this paper.
- ☐ The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- ☐ You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- I You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- ☐ When answering questions 05.2, 06.1 and 10 you need to make sure that your answer:
- is clear, logical, sensibly structured
- fully meets the requirements of the question
- shows that each separate point or step supports the overall answer.

#### Advice

☐ In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Please write clea	rly,	in l	blo	ck (	сар	ita	ls, t	:o a	llov	v ch	nara	acte	er co	mı	out	er r	eco	gni	tior	١.				
Centre number C	and	lida	ate	nuı	mb	er																		
Surname																								
Forename(s)																								
Candidate signat	ure	-																					-	/

Energy resources can be renewable or non-renewable.

0 1 . Coal is a non-renewable energy resource.

Name two other non-renewable energy resources.

[2 marks]

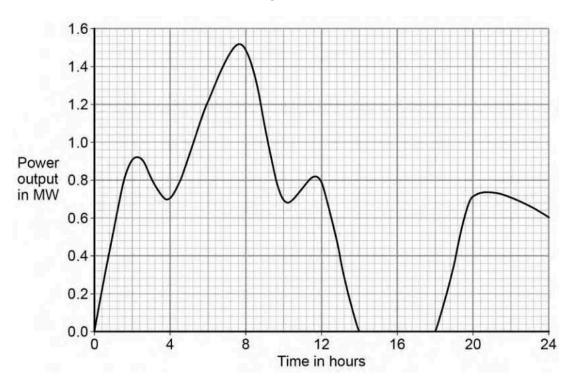
1

2

Wind turbines are used to generate electricity.

Figure 1 shows how the power output of a wind turbine changes over one day.

Figure 1



Wind is a renewable energy resource.

Wind turbine power output is constant.

The fuel cost for wind turbines is very high.

The power output of wind turbines is unpredictable.

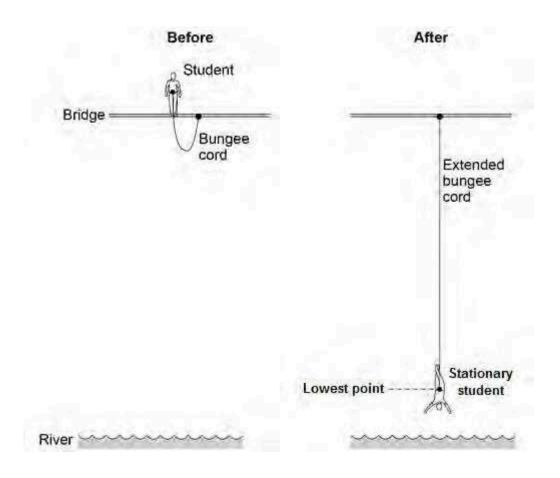
0 1 . 5	A wind turbine has an average power output of 0.60 MW.								
	A coal-fired power station has a continuous power output of 1500 MW.								
	Calculate how many wind turbines would be needed to generate the sar output as one coal-fired power station.	ne power							
		[2 marks]							
	Number of wind turbines =								
0 1 . 6	It is important that scientists develop new energy resources.								
	Choose one reason why.	[4							
	Tick one box.	[1 mark]							
	All energy resources are running out.								
	All energy resources are used to generate electricity.								
	Most energy resources have negative environmental effects.								

Turn over for the next question

Figure 2 shows a student before and after a bungee jump.

The bungee cord has an unstretched length of 20 m.

Figure 2



0 2 . 1	For safety reasons, it is important that the bungee cord used is appropriate for the
	student's weight.

Give two reasons why.

[2 marks]

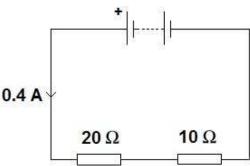
1

2

0 2 . 2	The student jumps off the bridge.	
	I  Complete the sentences to describe the energy transfers.	
	Use answers from the box.	
		[3 marks]
elastic	potential gravitational potential kinetic sound thermal	
	Before the student jumps from the bridge he has a store of	
	energy.	
	When he is falling, the student's store of	energy increases.
	When the bungee cord is stretched, the cord stores energy as	
	energy.	
0 2 . 3	At the lowest point in the jump when the student is stationary, bungee cord is 35 metres.	the extension of the
	The bungee cord behaves like a spring with a spring constant o	f 40 N/m.
	Calculate the energy stored in the stretched bungee cord.	
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet.	
		[2 marks]
	Energy =	-
		J

0 3 An electrical circuit is shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3



0 3 . 1	The current in the circuit is direct current.	
	What is meant by direct current?	
	Tick one box.	[1 mark]
3	Current that continuously changes direction.	
	Current that travels directly to the component.	
0	Current that is always in the same direction.	
. 2	The equation which links current, potential difference and resista	ance is:
	potential difference = current x resistance	
	Calculate the potential difference across the battery in the circuit in	Figure 3. [3 marks]
	Potential difference =  The equation which links current, potential difference and power is:	V
0 3 . 3	power = current x potential difference	
	Calculate the power output of the battery in Figure 3.	
	Give your answer to one significant figure.	
		[2 marks]
	Power =	W

Two students investigated the change of state of stearic acid from liquid to solid.

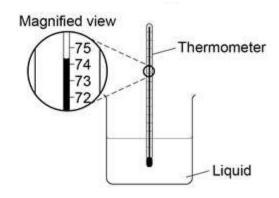
They measured how the temperature of stearic acid changed over 5 minutes as it changed from liquid to solid.

Figure 4 shows the different apparatus the two students used.

Figure 4

## Student A's apparatus Datalogger 74.2 °C

Student B's apparatus



0 4 . 1 Choose two advantages of using student A's apparatus.

Temperature

probe

Liquid

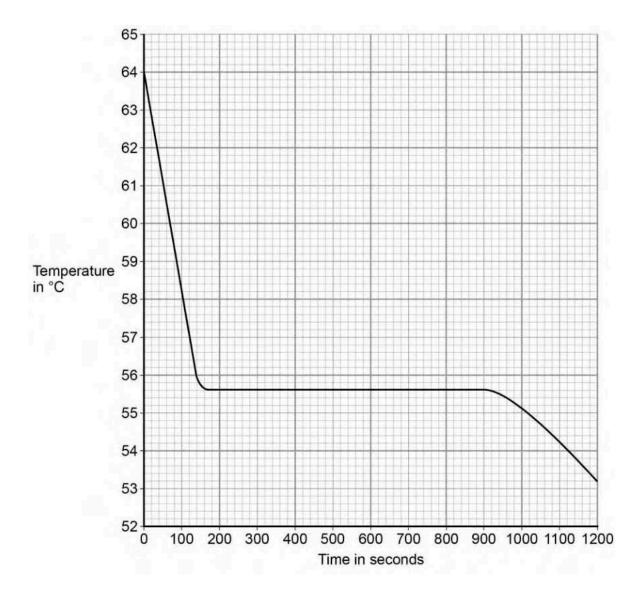
[2 marks]

Tick two boxes.		
Student A's apparatus made sure the test was fair.		
Student B's apparatus only measured categoric variables.		
Student A's measurements had a higher resolution.		
Student B was more likely to misread the temperature.		

0 4 . 2	Student B removed the thermometer from the liquid each time he took a temperature reading. What type of error would this cause?	
	Tick one box.	[1 mark]
	A systematic error	
	A random error	
	A zero error	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	

## Student A's results are shown in Figure 5.

Figure 5



0 4 . 3	What was the decrease in temperature between 0 and 160 se Tick one box.	conds?	[1 mark]
	8.2 °C		
	8.4 °C		
	53.2 °C		
	55.6 °C		

0 4 . 4	Use Figure 5 to a solid.	to determine the time taken for the stearic acid to change from	rom a liquid		
	to a solia.	[2	1 mark]		
		Time = s	econds		
0 4 . 5	changed state The specific la	energy transferred to the surroundings as 0.40 kg of stearic acide from liquid to solid.  Attent heat of fusion of stearic acid is 199 000 J/kg.	i		
	Use the correc	ct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet. [2 r	marks]		
	Energy =		J		
0 4 . 6	After 1200 see	conds the temperature of the stearic acid continued to decrease			
	Explain why.	[2 r	marks]		

Turn over for the next question

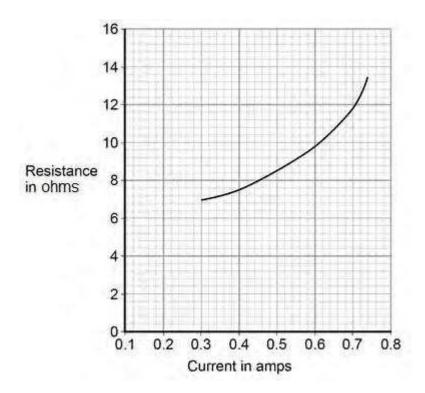
0 5	A student wants to investigate how the current through a filament lamp affects its resistance.
0 5 . 1	Use the circuit symbols in the boxes to draw a circuit diagram that she could use.
	[2 marks]

12 V battery	variable resistor	filament lamp	voltmeter	ammeter
12 V	Ž	$\otimes$	v	(A)

0 5 . 2	Describe how the student could use her circuit to investigate how the current through a filament lamp affects its resistance.  [4 marks]

The student's results are shown in Figure 6 .

Figure 6



O 5 . O Describe how the resistance of the filament lamp changes as the current through it increases.

Use Figure 6 to estimate the resistance of the filament lamp when a current of 0.10 A passes through the lamp.

[1 mark]

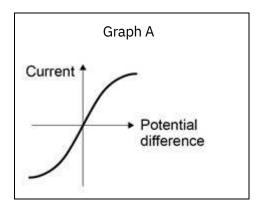
Resistance =  $\Omega$ 

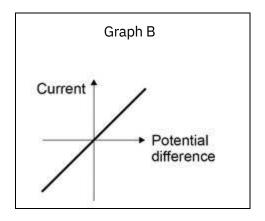
The current–potential difference graphs of three components are shown in Figure 7.

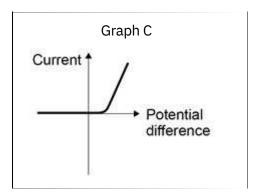
Use answers from the box to identify each component. [3 marks]

diode filament lamp light dependent resistor
resistor at constant temperature thermistor

Figure 7





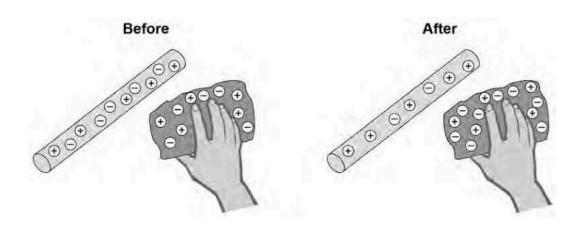


Turn over for the next question

A student rubs an acetate rod with a cloth.

Figure 8 shows the charges on the acetate rod and cloth before and after rubbing.

Figure 8



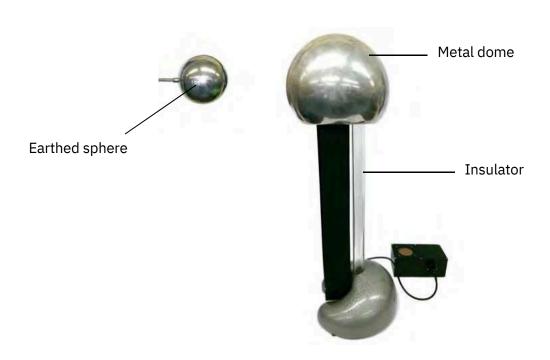
0 6 . 1	Explain how rubbing an acetate rod with a cloth causes the rod and cloth to become charged.
	[4 marks]

0 6 . 2	After charging them, the student moves the acetate rod and the clo together. Which statement is correct?	th closer
	Tick one box.	
	There is no force between the acetate rod and the cloth.  There is a force of attraction between the acetate rod and the cloth.  There is a force of repulsion between the acetate rod and the cloth.  Give a reason for your answer.	
		[2 marks]

Question 6 continues on the next page

Figure 9 shows a Van de Graaff generator, which is used to generate static electricity.

Figure 9



0 6 . 3 The longer the Van de Graaff generator is switched on, the more charge is stored on the metal dome.

Use an answer from the box to complete the sentence.

[1 mark]

decrease	increase	stay the same
----------	----------	---------------

The amount of charge on the metal dome is increased, which causes the potential difference between the metal dome and the earthed sphere to \_\_\_\_\_

0 6 . 4	When the potential difference between the Van de Graaff generator and the earthed sphere is 60 kV, a spark jumps between the metal dome and the earthed sphere.  The spark transfers 0.000025 coulombs of charge to the earthed sphere.  The equation which links charge, energy and potential difference is:
	energy transferredchargepotentialdifference Calculate the energy transferred by the spark. [2 marks]
	Energy transferred =J

Turn over for the next question

Alpha, beta and gamma are types of nuclear radiation.

Draw line from each type of radiation to what the radiation consists of.

[3 marks]

Type of radiation

Electron from the nucleus

Alpha

Two protons and two neutrons

Beta

Electromagnetic radiation

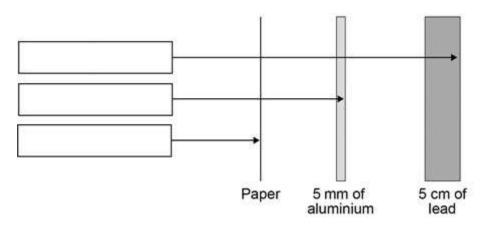
Gamma

Neutron from the nucleus

A teacher demonstrates the penetration of alpha, beta and gamma radiation through different materials.

The demonstration is shown in Figure 10.

Figure 10



0 7 . 2 Complete Figure 10 by writing the name of the correct radiation in each box.

[2 marks]

0 7 . 3	Give two safety preca	utions the te	eacher shou	ld have take	n in the den		
	1					[2 ma	ırks]
	2						
	Table 1. shows how the	count rate	from a radio	active cours	o changes i	with time	
	Table 1 shows how the		ole 1	active sourc	e changes v	with time.	
	<del></del>			00	120	1/0	
	Time in seconds  Count rate	0	40	80	120	160	
	in counts / second	400	283	200	141	100	
07.4	Use Table 1 to calcula	ate the cour	nt rate after :	200 second	s.		
						[2 ma	ırks]
-							
-							

_			
0 7 . 5	The half-life of the radioactive source used was very short.		
	Give one reason why this radioactive source would be much less hazardous after 800 seconds.  [1 mark]		
_			

An electrician is replacing an old electric shower with a new one.

The inside of the old shower is shown in . Figure 11

Figure 11



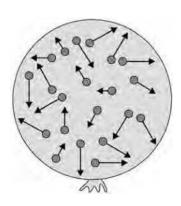
08.1	The electrician shouldnot change the shower unless he switches off the melectricity supply.	ains
	Explain why.	[2 marks]

08.2	The new shower has a power output of 10 690 W when it is connected to the 230 V mains electricity supply.
	The equation which links current, potential difference and power is:
	power current=
	potential difference Calculate the current passing through the new shower.
	Give your answer to two significant figures.
	[4 marks]
	Current =A
	Current =A
	Current =A
08.3	Current =A  The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.  How does the power of the new shower affect the cost of using the shower?
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.  How does the power of the new shower affect the cost of using the shower?  Give a reason for your answer.
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.  How does the power of the new shower affect the cost of using the shower?  Give a reason for your answer.
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.  How does the power of the new shower affect the cost of using the shower?  Give a reason for your answer.
08.3	The new shower has a higher power rating than the old shower.  How does the power of the new shower affect the cost of using the shower?  Give a reason for your answer.

0 9 Figure 12

shows a balloon filled with helium gas.

Figure 12



0 9 . 1	Describe the movemen	t of the particles of helium gas inside the balloon.	
			[2 marks]
0 9 . 2	What name is given to particles of helium gas in	the total kinetic energy and potential energy of all the the balloon?	е
	Tick one box.		[1 mark]
	External energy		
	Internal energy		
	Movement energy		

0 9 . 3	Write down the equation which links density, mass and volume.	
		[1 mark]
0 9 . 4	The helium in the balloon has a mass of 0.00254 kg.	
	The balloon has a volume of 0.0141 m3.	
	Calculate the density of helium. Choose the correct unit from the box.	
		[3 marks]
	m3 / kg kg / m3 kg m3	
	Danaih . Hait	
	Density =Unit	

Turn over for the next question

There are no questions printed on this page

1 0	Scientists sometimes replace one scientific model with a different model.	
	For example, in the early 20th Century the plum pudding model of the atom replaced by the nuclear model of the atom.  Explain what led to the plum pudding model of the atom being replaced by the nuclear model of the atom.	
		[6 marks]

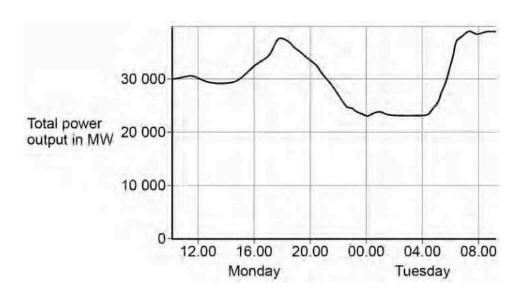
Scientists sometimes replace one scientific model with a different model.

Turn over for the next question

The National Grid ensures that the supply of electricity always meets the demand of the consumers.

Figure 13 shows how the output from fossil fuel power stations in the UK varied over a 24-hour period.

Figure 13



Monday.

reason for the shape of the graph between 15.00 and 18.00 on Suggest one

[1 mark]

Gas fired power stations reduce their output when demand for electricity is low.

Suggest one time on Figure 13 when the demand for electricity was low.

[1 mark]

1 1 . 3	The National Grid ensures that fossil fuel power stations in the UK only produce about 33% of the total electricity they could produce when operating at a maximum output.
	Suggest two reasons why.
	[2 marks]
	1
	2

Turn over for the next question

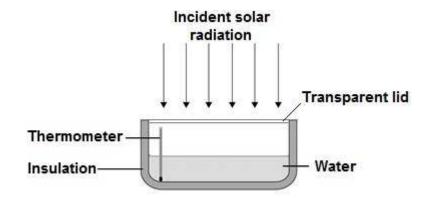
A student investigated how much energy from the Sun was incident on the Earth's surface at her location.

She put an insulated pan of water in direct sunlight and measured the time it took for the temperature of the water to increase by 0.6 °C.

The apparatus she used is shown in .

Figure 14

Figure 14

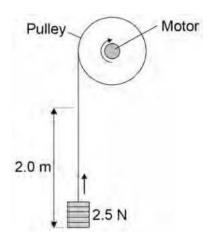


12.1	Choose the most appropriate resolution for the thermometer used by the state one box.		tudent. [1 mark]
	0.1 °C		
	0.5 °C		
	1.0 °C		

	The energy transferred to the water was 1050 J.	
	The time taken for the water temperature to increase by 0.6 °C was 5 minute	es.
	The specific heat capacity of water is 4200 J/kg °C.	
1 2 . 2	Write down the equation which links energy transferred, power and time.	
		[1 mark]
1 2 . 3	Calculate the mean power supplied by the Sun to the water in the pan.	
		[2 marks]
	Average power =	W
12.4	Calculate the mass of water the student used in her investigation.	
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equation Sheet.	[3 marks]
	Mass =	kg
12.5	The student's results can only be used as an estimate of the mean power location.	at her
	Give one reason why.	[1 mark]

A student investigated the efficiency of a motor using the equipment in Figure 15 .

Figure 15



He used the motor to lift a weight of 2.5 N a height of 2.0 m.

He measured the speed at which the weight was lifted and calculated the efficiency of the energy transfer.

He repeated the experiment to gain two sets of data.

Give one variable that the student controlled in his investigation.

[1 mark]

1 3 . 2 Give two reasons for taking repeat readings in an investigation.

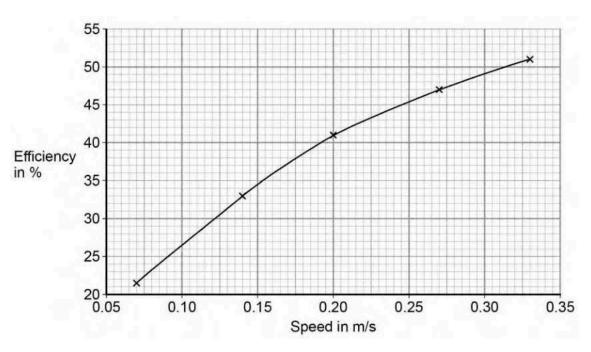
[2 marks]

1

2

Figure 16 shows a graph of the student's results.





1 3 . Give two conclusions that could be made from the data in Figure 16 .

[2 marks]

1 3 . 4 Give the main way that the motor is likely to waste energy.

[1 mark]

1 3 . 5 When the total power input to the motor was 5 W the motor could not lift the 2.5 N weight.

State the efficiency of the motor.

[1 mark]

Efficiency = %

**END OF QUESTIONS** 

SPECIMEN MATERIAL Turn over



#### Copyright information

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements in future papers if notified. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team, AQA, Stag Hill House, Guildford, GU2 7XJ.

Copyright © 2016 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

Figure 9: Photograph © Michael Priest Figure 11: Photograph © Michael Priest